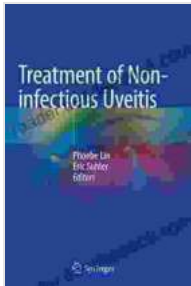


Treatment of Non-Infectious Uveitis by Danielle Duizabo



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★★★★☆ 4.5 out of 5
Language : English
File size : 6910 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled
Print length : 522 pages



Uveitis is a condition that causes inflammation of the uvea, the middle layer of the eye. The uvea is made up of the iris, the ciliary body, and the choroid. Uveitis can be caused by a variety of factors, including infection, autoimmune disorders, and trauma. Non-infectious uveitis is uveitis that is not caused by an infection.

Non-infectious uveitis can be a serious condition, and it can lead to vision loss if it is not treated promptly. The treatment of non-infectious uveitis depends on the underlying cause of the condition. In some cases, treatment may only be necessary to relieve symptoms, while in other cases, treatment may be necessary to prevent vision loss.

Types of Non-Infectious Uveitis

There are several different types of non-infectious uveitis, including:

- **Anterior uveitis** is the most common type of uveitis. It affects the front part of the uvea, including the iris and the ciliary body.
- **Intermediate uveitis** affects the middle part of the uvea, including the ciliary body and the choroid.
- **Posterior uveitis** affects the back part of the uvea, including the choroid and the retina.
- **Panuveitis** affects all parts of the uvea.

Causes of Non-Infectious Uveitis

The exact cause of non-infectious uveitis is often unknown. However, there are a number of factors that can increase the risk of developing non-infectious uveitis, including:

- **Autoimmune disorders**, such as rheumatoid arthritis, lupus, and multiple sclerosis
- **Inflammatory bowel disease**
- **Certain medications**, such as corticosteroids and nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
- **Trauma to the eye**
- **Certain eye conditions**, such as uveitis associated with juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA)

Symptoms of Non-Infectious Uveitis

The symptoms of non-infectious uveitis can vary depending on the type of uveitis and the severity of the condition. Common symptoms of non-

infectious uveitis include:

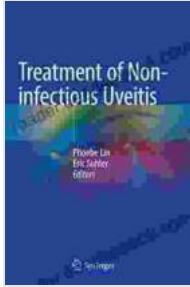
- **Eye pain**
- **Redness**
- **Light sensitivity**
- **Blurred vision**
- **Floaters**
- **Headaches**
- **Nausea**
- **Vomiting**

Treatment of Non-Infectious Uveitis

The treatment of non-infectious uveitis depends on the underlying cause of the condition. In some cases, treatment may only be necessary to relieve symptoms, while in other cases, treatment may be necessary to prevent vision loss.

Treatment options for non-infectious uveitis include:

- **Eye drops** can be used to reduce inflammation and pain. Corticosteroids are the most common type of eye drop used to treat uveitis.
- **Oral medications** can be used to treat uveitis if eye drops are not effective. Corticosteroids, immunosuppressive drugs, and biologics are all types of oral medications that can be used to treat uveitis.



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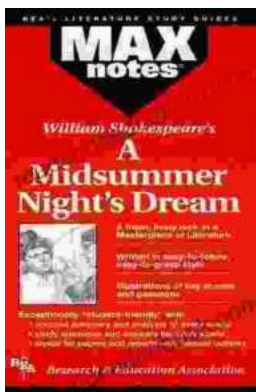
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